

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

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CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, APRIL, 2nd., 1931

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Good Buys at LAUT'S

Heel Chains, each	30c	Harrow Teeth	15c
Halters	90c up	Harrow Teeth Clips	15c
Horse Clippers, each	4.50	Gall Cure, can	1.00
Sprinkling Cans, each	1.25	Chain for Cross Ties, ft. 10c	

Assorted Spring Cotters, enough for the summer, pkg. 30c
Drift Keys for machinery, in all sizes and lengths

Formaldehyde per lb. - 20c

We can make up Whiffletrees to any specification.

Bramble Jelly, a tasty bit, jar	30c
Aylmers Marmalade, good, jar	20c
Radio Peas, excellent, can	20c
Mustard Pickles, jar	50c
Lovely Primulas, each	1.00

Wm. Laut

Does Your Car Smoke ?

Watch the back of your car carefully the next time you apply power in first or second. Does a cloud of heavy smoke pour from the exhaust ? That's a danger sign. It shouts that your piston rings are worn and allowing oil to seep through your motor. It means a loss of power, oil and gas. Have that attended to right away. It may mean bigger expense later if neglected.

"The Shop With a Reputation"

Repairs on All Makes of Cars. Reasonable Prices
Good Equipment Helps Us To Do Better Work.
Wrecking and Towing Service.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4 Crossfield, Alberta.

SUGGESTIONS

Brooder House	Picket Fence
Hog House	Self Feeder
Milk House	Stone Boat
Land Drag	Hotbed
Kitchen Cabinet.	Garage

Cuts of all these can be seen at our yard.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Opening Announcement

We will open our Market on Saturday morning, April 4th, with a full line of Choice Meats, fresh and cured and everything that is to be found in a first-class Market. Our Motto: The Best for the least.

Home Cash Meat Market

Dr. Hess Stock Tonic

Dr. Hess Hog Special

Dr. Hess Poultry Panamin

Vermitrol and Chick Tablets

Ful O-Pep and Gold Medal Chick Starter

Brans Shorts Oats Barley

The Crossfield Cash Store

Phone 33

N. A. Johnson

Go For the Gopher

The gopher menace in the Crossfield district is becoming serious, and it can not be wondered at when for years on end in certain sections of the district, some farmers have never spent a cent on gopher poison, as a consequence the country east of town is becoming badly infested, to such an extent that they are destroying thousands of bushels of grain yearly.

Mr. Huser, Sr., who farms more acres than any farmer in the Municipal District of Rosebud, figures that he lost 1,000 bushels of wheat last year by the gophers, and at that he put out lots of poison. But you can not expect to keep gophers down as long as one farmer puts out poison and tries to keep them killed off while others never bother about them.

Mr. Huser figures that if the farmers in the Elba School District combined to get rid of the gophers they would save far more money than would pay the school teacher who in his estimation is receiving little enough salary without any reduction.

Mr. Huser was sorry that sickness prevented him from attending the annual meeting of the Municipal District, as he had intended to bring this up and he believes that the Municipal District should take immediate action through one of the many schemes that are working out successfully in other Municipalities, as he considers that the gophers are doing more damage than noxious weeds, and that is saying a whole lot.

It seems hard to spend money for gopher poison, but it pays big dividends especially when the price of grain is low, for it is then above all times that you can not afford to have these rodents destroying your grain.

LEGISLATURE PROCEEDED ON SATURDAY NIGHT

Having concluded the first session of the seventh legislature of the province on Saturday night, Alberta's lawmakers are through with their legislative duties for another year.

The session wound up with the busiest week in its entire course which incidentally was the longest in recent years. Among important measures which ministers considered should be held over until the last few days of the session were those validating the agreement of the province to guarantee advances to the wheat pool, urging on the Dominion government the importance of pegging a price of 70 cents a bushel for the 1931 wheat crop, adopting the much discussed Baker School Bill in somewhat modified form, extending the scope of the Debt Adjustment Act, and referring to the courts for decision the petition of the Alberta Prohibition Association for abolition of beer halls.

Our local member Mr. R. M. McCoil was considerable in the limelight during the session, and it was he who advocated the reduction in automobile license, which was passed in the House, a saving to every automobile owner of five dollars a year. He also vigorously opposed the Trackway Bill, which was defeated in the House for the fourth and likely the last time.

We are somewhat disappointed that the Government did not reduce the cost of administration. We feel sure that the rank and file of Government members would be in favor of retrenchment, but the leaders are not of the same mind as the farmers.

While the farmers have reduced wages and their own expenditures to the limit and in many cases will hire help at all until the situation improves.

(Continued on Page 8)

J. B. Corbet, Superintendent Canadian Bank of Commerce To Address Board of Trade

The monthly luncheon of the Board of Trade will be held in the Oliver Cafe on Monday, April 6th, at 7:00 o'clock p.m.

The speaker of the evening will be J. B. Corbet, Superintendent of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

The Board of Trade has always been fortunate in securing outstanding speakers for their monthly meetings, and no doubt Mr. Corbet will enter into the details of the Canadian Act governing our banking system which should prove interesting to our community.

Church of Ascension

April 3rd.—Good Friday

2:30 p.m.

Meditation on the Seven Last Words from the Cross.

April 5th.—Easter Day

9:30 a.m. Holy Communion

3:00 p.m. Children's Service.

7:30 p.m. Evensong.

Children will please bring their lenten boxes to the children's service.

The choir will sing "What are These?" and "Jesus Arose" two anthems at the evening service.

At The Spring Stock Show

Crossfield and district is well represented at the Calgary Spring Stock Show and Sale this week. The following are contributors:

Frank Collicutt, 18 head of Hereford bulls; Geo. Altonby, 3 head of Shorthorn bulls; E. Adams, 1 Shorthorn bull; A. Bailey, 1 Hereford bull.

Geo. Leask of Sampson has entered a number of cattle, including a group of five, two baby beef, and a fat steer; he also has entered five head of horses in the sale. J. McLeod has a high-class team of grade Percheron mares that he will show and dispose of at the sale. R. J. Hendry has three head of horses in the sale. Wm. Russell will show his new Clydesdale stallion.

Passing of Mrs. M. McKay

Old friends of Mrs. M. McKay will be much grieved to learn of her death, which took place Sunday, March 22nd, at the home of her son in Union, Washington. Although spending the later years of her life in this place, she will be remembered by most of the old-timers of this district, as Mrs. McKay and her family were among the early residents of the village of Crossfield and lived for a number of years in the house now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Waldo. Her sons Chas. D. J. and Leslie, are well-known former residents of this district.

In the early days when all of us were strangers in a strange land, Mrs. McKay's home was always open to the homesick and lonely, many of whom will forever cherish kindly and affectionate memories of her gracious hospitality.

The interment took place in Vancouver where her only daughter was laid to rest a few years ago.

Donations to the Crossfield and District School Fair

Mr. T. Tredaway, secretary of the Crossfield and District School Fair acknowledges with thanks the following donations:

Central Creameries, Ltd., Calgary, a silver cup, to be won three times by any exhibitor before it becomes their personal property.

Henry Birks & Sons Ltd., Calgary, a girl's solid gold ring.

F. E. Osborne, stationer, Calgary, a football, value \$6.25.

Miss Anna Robertson who is attending University in Edmonton, arrived home on Tuesday to spend the Easter holidays.

For Sale

A THREE BOTTOM

Cockshutt Plow

Horse Hitch

IN GOOD CONDITION

Price

\$90.00

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

We'll Put Your Car in Perfect Order

We're fully equipped to start you off for the season with a smooth running car that will be a pleasure to drive. From the smallest detailed trouble in your carburetor, to the necessity of overhauling the entire motor, we guarantee you efficient service at incomparably low prices.

We do Acetylene Welding
BATTERIES RE-CHARGED.

Super Service at the Highway Garage
or at

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

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The Only Thing That Is Sure Today Is INSURANCE

IF YOU HAVE NONE OR WANT MORE, SEE

T. TREDAWAY

Insurance Conveyancing Real Estate
Telephone 3 Crossfield

It Will Soon be Seeding Time Get Ready. Order Repairs Now HOW ABOUT DRILLS ?

We have a special price on Van Brunt Drills.

A Dollar Saved is a Dollar Earned.

Also some Second-Hand Machines Priced Right.

W. K. Gibson

Insurance Farm Equipment Grinding

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

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Alberta.

Nothing can take the place of quality



Yellow label Salada 60 cts a lb
Brown label Salada 70 cts a lb
 'Fresh from the gardens'

Why France Is Economically Strong

Trying to ferret out the reason why France, of all the major nations, has no unemployment, but is importing 3,000,000 aliens to work in her fields, mines and factories, Freeman Tilden writes in the World's Work on "Why France is the Top-Dog."

All the chimneys of French factories are smoking. Portuguese workers have been imported in droves to supply the shortage of labor. Italians armed with picks and shovels follow Napoleon's trail over the Alps, in reverse order. Three hundred thousand Poles were given jobs last year. There are no doles, no Communists, no bread lines.

The findings run something as follows: Frenchmen are born marketers. They waste nothing. They know how to stretch French paper to make the two ends meet. Nothing is wasted.

Nor does this mean they have poor food. They furnish the chiefs of the world. They do not dress shabbily. They dress the world. But they dress themselves first.

They buy for cash. They pay down in full for real estate. Not many know what call money is. Margins are on printed pages only. High-powered salesmen are an American institution. French cars seldom wear out carrying heavy mortgages around. Every large business concern has its economical employees get good meat most of the time. The economists purchase at wholesale prices. Railway employees even get their coal and household supplies for a third what others pay outside of the economy. Companies do not exploit or commercialize their help.

The Frenchman hardly knows what a robot is. Almost everything is hand made. A country that is many times smaller than any one of our Western Provinces supports its millions by managing its individual affairs well. Thus the under-dog has become top-dog.

Is there not in the French situation as thus disclosed a suggestion of value worthy of the thoughtful consideration of the producers and workers of other countries?

Here in America, in Canada as well as in the United States, every encouragement, indeed the most striking inducements, are held out to people in all walks of life to buy on the installment plan, rather than for cash. The use of credit has become almost universal, not only for capital expenditures which is justifiable and proper if the borrowings are kept within reason, and the capital expenditures to which they are devoted are of a revenue-producing character, but for current expenses. People are urged to buy not only necessities but luxuries on the credit plan, with payments spread over a term of months, or even years. The argument advanced is frequently to enjoy these luxuries now and while you are paying for them, rather than to wait until you have saved sufficiently to pay for them outright. It is a fallacious argument, a fatal mistake to make.

Complaints are fairly general that the banks will not extend credit at the present time. Possibly, however, the mistake by the banks in the past is that they extended too much credit too easily, coupled with the further mistake that they demand too high a rate of interest and thus made it next to impossible for the borrower to ever get out of debt once he is landed in that position. Many a man, both city residents and farmers, have told the writer that having got into debt to the banks or mortgage companies they had a long uphill struggle to get out. They found themselves working for these financial corporations to meet interest charges rather than for themselves. They vowed that once they got out of debt, they would never get in again, but rather would do without things until they could pay for them outright, tighten their belt if necessary, and carry on in the meantime.

It is the man who is carrying a load of debt, paying heavy interest charges annually, possibly on no-revenue producing expenditures made in the past, who finds himself in real difficulty in times of business depression. Any little cash he can get must be paid out again to keep himself solvent instead of being available to carry him along until the tide turns again. But the man who has followed the policy of "pay as you go," who is free of debt, is the man who can most easily weather the storm. Such a man can "carry on," but the man already heavily in debt finds himself in the predicament of going in still deeper, and the final result is all too frequently, that he finds himself in an impossible position, so deep in fact that he can never get out.

Is the French way not the better way? Does it not make for greater contentment, a more consistent measure of good times, a more enjoyable, happier existence?

Alberta Fur Farming

Three Hundred and Forty Industries and Companies Operating Fur Farms in the Province

According to the annual report of Benjamin Lawton, Alberta game commissioner, some 340 persons or companies were operating fur farms within the province in 1930. On these farms were the following animals: Muskrats, 45,510; silver foxes, 13,527; mink, 3,500; cross foxes, 786; red cross foxes, 279; blue foxes, 450; rabbits, 409; badgers, 132; beavers, 112; caracul sheep, 109; and smaller numbers of fishes, marten, raccoon, skunk, fish, coyote and lynx.

Cotton gets its name from an Arabic word quta.



Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and grocery stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Heart and Nerves So Bad Was Unable To Sleep For Hours

Miss Theresa M. Ravary, Gillingtown, Ont., writes: "I was troubled, for almost a year, with my heart and nerves, especially on retiring at night when I would be unable to sleep for hours. I was easily fatigued, and became very excitable and irritable. A friend recommended Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after taking them for a few weeks I could enjoy a good night's rest, and rapidly regained my former state of health."

End Of Communism

McGill Economist Sees Soviet Despotism Followed By Human Nature

"Russia is going to break, Communism will prove unavailing, the five-year-plan is doomed to failure, and the greatest despotism and tyranny that the world has ever seen will be foisted by human nature," declared Dr. Stephen Lesocki, head of the department of political economy of McGill University, addressing the junior board of trade of Montreal recently on Communism.

The professor issued a warning that the police batons were not the correct means of destroying Communism in Canada. "The needs of the people which lead them to seek after anything new must be satisfied as the first and only step required to do away with this evil," he said, referring to Communism in this country.

What was going to happen to Canada and other parts of the western world before Russia's five-year-plan failed, Dr. Lesocki asked. "Are we going to sit back and condemn Communism and do nothing to cure the evils of present-day civilization? Are we to permit Russia to set us and the rest of the world an example in energy and determination in the exploitation of their country?"

Military Medal Law Revised

Holders Of V.C. Cannot Be Automatically Deprived Of Decoration

Holders of the celebrated Victoria Cross, highest award for gallantry in Britain's army, will not, in the future, be automatically deprived of the medal if convicted of "treason, cowardice, felony or any other infamous crime," as has been the case in the past.

This important change is one of the new provisions governing military medals announced in the London Gazette. It is stipulated, however, that the award of the V.C. may be cancelled by the King, who may also restore the decoration, if and when, the recommendation for annulment is withdrawn.

BREAKS UP GAS IN THE STOMACH

Don't suffer from dangerous gas troubles around your head, sourness, acidity, bloating or pain of indigestion. Stop worrying. Whenever you need quick stomach relief, take a little Blasted Magnesia—powder or tablets. It breaks up gas, neutralizes acids and keeps the stomach sweet and strong, and indigestion perfect. At all good drug stores.

A Dangerous Weapon

Germany Is Replacing Beer Steins With Paper Cups

Beer mugs always have been dangerous weapons in Germany. But no longer will political gatherings break up with the air filled with flying beer mugs. The Berlin police have issued an order that when politicians get together there shall be no stein on the table, but paper cups instead.

This is going to remove a good deal of the dramatic from these gatherings. But it should bring relief to overworked hospitals, which usually have a number of injured to patch up after a Fascist or a Communist meeting. No much of a dent in the human anatomy can be made with a paper cup.

Scotland Boosting Aviation

Dundee, Scotland, recently held an informal justification over the first business transaction carried out there by aeroplane. A business man had flown from Glasgow, landed in a field near Dundee, completed his deal and within an hour was on his way back by air. As a result of the visit, Dundee is joining the movement to provide an airport for every city in Scotland.

The worms that infest children from their birth are of two kinds, those that find lodgement in the stomach and those that are found in the intestines. The latter are the most destructive, as they cling to the walls of the intestines and if not interfered with will have there. Miller's Worm Powders dislodge both kinds and while expelling them from the system serve to repair the damage they have caused.

Half and Half

A lady much above the usual size was trying to enter a street car, passenger, who was waiting to get off, began to laugh at her futile efforts.

"If you were half a man, you'd help me on this street car," snarled the fat lady.

The passenger retorted, "Madam, if you were half a lady, you wouldn't need any help."

W. N. U. 1883

New Canadian Destroyers

Two New Vessels To Be Added To Canadian Navy

Delivery of the first of Canada's new destroyers, H.M.C.S. Saguenay, will be made to this country very shortly. A number of tests have still to be made, but it is expected that a Canadian crew will be put on board the warship soon, and she will formally pass into the hands of the naval service of this country.

For the most part the ship's company is already in England. From time to time in the past few months Canadian bluejackets have proceeded to the United Kingdom on courses of instruction in the Royal Navy, nearly 200 officers and ratings are thus ready to take over the new destroyers as soon as they are delivered from Southampton's.

The second vessel, H.M.C.S. Skeena, will be turned over about May 20.

The new destroyers are the last word in construction of that type of vessel, incorporating many new features that have been developed since the war. Specifications called for a speed of 33 knots, but in her trials "Saguenay" has exceeded that. Both are equipped with turbine engines. Their armament comprises four A.T. guns and two 4-tube torpedoes. About 100 officers and ratings constitute the ship's companies.

California Protects Its Fruit Industry

May Prohibit Banana Imports So People Will Eat Home Grown Fruit

The State Legislature of California is seriously considering the prohibition of the import of bananas. The why? Not because the banana is grown in California and so the import of the foreign-grown banana would interfere with the home-grown product. The argument for prohibiting the importation of bananas is in the logic of the protectionist. The eating of bananas as the protectionists of California see it, means less eating of peaches and other fruit grown there. So the eaters of bananas have to eat less of the local apples when it comes to their favorite fruit. To make it all the easier for them to do this there are to be no more bananas in California if the legislators of the state can get their way—Lethbridge Herald.

Big Business In Farm Machinery

Nearly 100,000 Tractors Sold In Western Canada In Past Twelve Years

Nearly 100,000 tractors have been sold in Western Canada in the past twelve years, and of this total, more than half went to farmers in Saskatchewan, according to the latest estimates. In three years more than 5,000 threshers have been sold in Saskatchewan, half the total for all Western Canada. In the past five years, Saskatchewan farmers have purchased 6,000 combines and the total for the West in that period was 9,000. Out of the 3,046 threshers sold in the west in 1930, 826 were bought in Saskatchewan.

Persian Balm imparts a rare charm and distinction to the woman who uses it. Fragrant as a flower, deliciously cool to the skin, it always results in complexioned delightfully young and lovely. Indispensable to every vanity woman. As a powder base for city-textured skins or as a beautifying lotion, it is unrivalled. Tones and stimulates the skin. Recommended also to soften and make the hands flawlessly white.

Should Look After Himself

A traveller in the Orient asked a pasha, "Is your civil service like ours? Are there retiring allowances and pensions?" "My illustrious friend," replied the pasha, "the public functionary here who stands in need of a retiring allowance when his term of office expires is a fool!"

To Print Address

Categorized as a "speech of international importance," one thousand copies of the recent address of Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, before the American Bar Association, are to be printed in the records of the United States senate, it was learned recently.

Good Price For Livestock

The Manitoba Agricultural College recently shipped three baby heaves to the Union Stock Yards markets, which established a new season's "top." The heaves averaged 900 pounds and sold for \$8.00 per hundredweight.

Perhaps the world may owe you a living, but you will die of starvation if you sit down and wait for it to call and settle.

London has a war over modern art.

EAT MORE of this CORN SYRUP



Proposes New Study For Canadian Schools

First-Aid and Home-Nursing Useful Subjects, Says Colonel Hodgkiss

First aid and home nursing should be made subjects in public schools, declared Col. C. A. Hodgkiss, director-general of the St. John Ambulance Association, at the annual meeting of the organization in Ottawa. This type of training would, he said, be more useful than "some of the twaddle" now being taught.

The year 1930 was described as surpassing all other years in the history of the association. In the various courses, 23,398 persons took part and proficiency certificates were awarded in 12,855 cases. Certificates and awards had a grand total of 19,748. The annual report was presented by Hon. J. H. King, president.

Rubber Wheels For Dining Cars

The possibility of rubber dining car wheels is being studied in France by representatives of the principal French roads. Experiments are being conducted on a branch line to St. Florent. Gasoline-driven engines with rubber tires have been operating for several months, and experts believe that their adaptation for passenger cars also will lessen noise, shocks, and deterioration of the rails.

The heart of an insect is reversible, sending the blood backward as well as forward.

A Hazardous Calling

Many Movie Actors Lose Lives In Making Pictures

Packing thrills and realism into the movies is fraught with deaths and accidents often as tragic and thrilling as the scenes depicted. During the last five years, fifty-five actors, extras and studio workmen have lost their lives in making pictures, and scores of others received permanent or temporary injuries in the effort to provide "hair-raising" for movie fans. In addition, the California state industrial accident commission paid out \$421,850 to members of the motion-picture industry for deaths and accidents arising in the course of employment.

Giant X-Ray Tube

Will Be Used In The Treatment Of Cancer Patients

A giant X-ray tube, developing 600,000 volts, has been developed at the California Institute of Technology, for treating patients suffering from cancer, a formal statement issued by the Institute announced.

The statement said that "As Dr. Robert A. Milliken has previously stated, the Institute does not profess to have discovered a new cure for cancer; the principal hope is, that if results are favorable, other tubes of similar type will be placed in operation in hospitals in other sections of the United States."

A High-class Decorative Medium

Mixes in hot or cold water

Free stencil premium label on every package. Send for Decorator's Guide and Stencil Catalogue.

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NEW PROCESS

Alabastine

Foods Stay Fresh Longer

Longer

This Way



Covered with Para-San

Heavy Wax or

Paper goods that usually

stay in a day or so stay

fresh for quite a long time. Try

it. Get Para-San in the handy,

sanitary, half-ounce carton at grocery,

drugstore or stationer. For less exciting

uses get "Centre Pull" Pack in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products

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Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Prairie Provinces May Obtain Deep Sea Fish Requirements From Hudson Bay Region

Western Canada's hope for a steady supply of fresh fish from Hudson Bay and Strait need not be dashed by the discouraging report issued last year by the trawler expedition which spent the summer in the bay.

This expedition caught no fish, but in the fisheries department at Ottawa this fact is not regarded as a knock-out blow to the project of a fishing industry in the northern waters. On the contrary, Hon. Edgar M. Rhodes, the Minister of Fisheries, says he will be much surprised if in due course Hudson Bay and Strait do not give the west a steady supply not only of river fish but of deep sea fish.

Mr. Rhodes is a Nova Scotian, has been immersed in the politics of that province most of his life, and has had charge of the Dominion fisheries only since August last. Therefore he admits a lack of detail knowledge about the fish resources of Hudson Bay and Strait. He knows, however, that the estuaries and rivers running into the bay contain plenty of edible varieties and he expects that a supply of deep sea fish will be available from the Strait. Last summer's expedition did not touch the rivers or the strait.

Discussing western fisheries, Mr. Rhodes noted that the transfer of the natural resources had taken the lake fisheries of the prairie outside the jurisdiction of his department. Fish in the prairie lakes and streams will henceforth hatch, swim and be caught under the aegis of provincial authorities. The Dominion department is ready to give aid in solving the technical and selling problems of the lake fishermen, but its primary concern now is with the coasts. There have been only two coasts up till lately, the Atlantic and the Pacific, but the completion of the Hudson Bay Railway brings a third into the picture.

No country has more difficult fisheries problem than Canada, claims Mr. Rhodes. A great majority of Canadians live more than 1,000 miles from the ocean. They eat much less fish per head than the British people, and Mr. Rhodes believed they ought to have more fish dinners to balance their diet properly.

The problem is to get the fish to them, while fresh. Mr. Rhodes hopes to see Hudson Bay and Strait fisheries play some part in solving this difficulty in the Canadian midland west.

In Planting Grass

Proper Preparation Of The Soil Is Essential To Success

The fine seeds of grasses and legumes require a firm soil that is fine in tilth, and moist. They are very small in size and if sowed too deeply will produce plants which either lack in vigour when they emerge above the ground or are completely smothered. The soil should be firm so that the seed will not be buried too deeply and so that moisture will be near the surface to facilitate the germination of the small seeds before the nurse crop becomes sufficiently well established to smother the small seedlings. —Experimental Farms Note.

Feed To A Finish

Farmers who are feeding cattle for beef should note carefully the following excerpt from the Live Stock Market Report of the Dominion Department of Agriculture: "Shippers are bringing in considerable numbers of half-fat cattle. The market has enough depressing factors to contend with, and shippers are requested, in their own interest, not to sacrifice half-finished stock and thereby adversely affect the market as a whole." Feed your beef cattle to a finish and get all the market has to offer.



"Splendid—you will soon live in a lovely villa."
"Yes, but an mistress or maid!"
—Monsieur, Chatterbox.

W. N. U. 1883

The Average Age

Men Usually Marry At Twenty-Five Or Younger

Queen's University Journal reports a professor as saying that the average man of today does not marry until he is 30 or 35, as he is seldom financially secure before then. The report may be inaccurate, but the statement, as reported, is one frequently made and perhaps widely believed. Yet it is quite unwarranted.

Out of 25,728 grooms who married in Ontario, in 1928, those who had reached 30 years or more numbered only 7,875, or about 30 per cent. of the total. And of these only 3,822, or about 15 per cent. of the total, were in the age-group 30-35 inclusive. More than 50 per cent. of the grooms were under 27 years of age, and if second marriages were eliminated from the total, it would probably be found that half of the men who marry for a first time do so before they have passed 25.

The "average man" who waits until he is 30 or 35 is not an average, but an exception.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



(By Annette).



FAVORITE BECAUSE OF ITS YOUTHFULNESS

This pepum model is especially nice in printed crepe silk for street for spring.

The shoulder caplet adds much charm and distinctness. And into the bargain the sleeves may be omitted because the cape covers the upper part of the arms for more formal wear or for resort.

The skirt is slightly flared and shows a flat slimness through the hips.

Style No. 208 may be had in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust.

Plain flat crepe silk, crepe wools in plain or print, many rayon novelties, wool challis prints, linen, shantung and chiffon are lovely for this model.

Spring, the season of prettiest styles, will soon be here. Prepare now by ordering a copy of our new Fashion Magazine. Attractive styles for women, misses and children. And instructive lessons in sewing.

Price of book 15 cents. Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps (coin is preferred). Wrap coils carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 375 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. _____ Size _____

Name _____

Address _____

City _____

State _____

Country _____

White gold is ordinary gold containing alloys which make it appear white.

Help Make Canada Beautiful

Everyone Can Do Their Part By Beautifying Home Grounds

"Beautify your home grounds and help make Canada more beautiful" is the slogan which has been adopted for a campaign to develop personal interest in ornamental horticulture throughout the Dominion. Taking the initiative in the campaign is the Canadian Horticultural Council, with the co-operation of the Federal Department of Agriculture through its experimental farms branch, has had a booklet dealing with every phase of "Beautifying the Home Grounds of Canada" prepared by a landscape architect of outstanding ability. This is essentially a practical text book on the subject, and not only provides plans and illustrations especially suited to Canadian conditions, but also complete glossary of plants, shrubs, trees and ornamentals of Canadian origin particularly adapted for Canadian usage. A fee of twenty-five cents is charged for this book, which is being distributed through the publication branch of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa.

Marketing Of Cattle

Central Council With Representative From Each Of Prairie Provinces Is Formed

Decision to form a central council of two representatives from each prairie province to assist in handling and marketing cattle, was made by the directors of the Western Stock-Growers' Association and representatives of the British Columbia Beef-Growers' and the Saskatchewan Stock-Growers' Association at a recent meeting in Calgary. Several lines of activity, including the compiling of accurate statistics regarding potential marketings and exploration of existing and new avenues of outlet, were suggested as work of the newly-formed council.

Bernuda Stands Pat

The upper legislative council of Bernuda has rejected the measure which the lower council had passed permitting physicians on the island to use automobiles while calling on patients. So the old remains. The island, which has always been free of the modern automobile, will keep its freedom. And somehow we are glad. It is good to think that somewhere in the world is a place where motors are not, and motor horns never rack our nerves.

Power From Sun's Rays

Scientists hope to utilize the sun's rays in power plants in time. It has been estimated that enough sunshine falls on a house roof to supply the power needs of an average family; the solar radiation is equal to 7,000 horsepower an acre.

Buy Approved Chicks

Approval Policy Established As An Outstanding Achievement

In carrying out its Poultry Club Campaign among Quebec farmers the provincial government has authorized the purchase of "day-old-chicks from approved hatcheries only." This is a splendid endorsement for federal approval policies, which all combine to produce the "approved" chick. The Poultry Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture supervises the now officially recognized "approval" policies, which include Record of Performance, certification and registration, stock approval, hatchery approval and approved chicks. Government supervision is the safeguard which has established the approval policies as the outstanding achievement in the poultry industry in recent years.

Holding Doesn't Pay

Farmers Urged To Market Eggs In Very Best Condition

Holding eggs for a "rise in the market" doesn't pay, as a recent report from federal inspectors at Winnipeg clearly shows. It reads: "The majority of receipts are of good quality, although some held eggs are in evidence. These invariably grade seconds, showing the fallacy of holding perishable products for any length of time in anticipation of a higher market." At the time this report was received the spread of extra over seconds was five cents per dozen. The Egg Marketing Service of the Dominion Department of Agriculture urges farmers to market their eggs in the very best of condition, which naturally is as soon after laying as possible, so that they will get the benefit of official grading.

Proving Its Worth

Cow Testing Essential To Success In Dairy Farming

In these days when efficiency in production is so essential to success in farming, whether on a large or small scale, cow testing is proving its worth. Daily weighings of milk arouse a farmer's interest in his dairy herd and encourage him to give attention to those little details so essential to success. Supplemented by periodical visits by the Dairy Producers' and "Fat" tests daily weighings provide a reliable guide to intelligent feeding and increased production. The "boarder" cow who will not earn her keep even with the best of feeds can be weeded out and the production from good cows increased. —Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

"How quietly our new maid moves about," said the husband. "You wouldn't think she was in the house." "She isn't," came the wife's reply. "She left this morning."

TAKES OVER DUTIES AT CAPITAL



The photograph above shows M. Arsene Henry, France's new minister to Ottawa, and Mme. Henry, as they appeared aboard the liner that brought them from their native land to New York. M. Henry arrived in Ottawa, March 11, to take over his new duties. —Associated Press Photo.

Coal Consumption In Canada Has Decreased And Drop Attributed To Increased Use Of Electricity

Tin Mines Intensely Hot

Even Chinese Coolies Can Only Work Few Months

So interesting and so picturesque are some of the methods of tin mining and so beautiful are the environments, that a tourist agency in Singapore now offers to whisk its clients round one or two tin mines while they are in Malaya. But visitors, on the whole, are few, the heat even in winter days effectively protects the secrets of the mines.

The quickest and most efficient means of tin mining today is dredging. There is something hypnotic about watching the buckets ceaselessly rise from the warm, yellowish water. Often they bring up things other than clay-trunks of trees, relics from another jungle long buried, and often a snake.

It is mostly at night, when the dredge whirrs and sighs in a haze of searchlights that the snakes come aboard. Grey-black cobras, pythons, bright green snakes, and snakes that glister like the moon—the last horrible but harmless. Only the night before a sleepy python had suddenly found himself suspended over two buckets and being carried swiftly upwards. Chinese coolies had half killed and half skinned him before he realized what had happened.

Hot though it is under the corrugated iron roof of the dredge, this is a bit of the Everet compared with the interior depths of a hot mine. Even the Chinese coolie, the hardest worker in the world and the strongest, can only bear the incredible heat of those deep mines—there are not many in Malaya—for a few months.

Tropical wild flowers and flowering trees blazed round the top of this particular mine. Round it all the jungle pressed, waiting perhaps for man to cease his endeavors here, so that it might once more people the little clearing with its greatest extravagances. The last thing I remember seeing before the cage descended was a tendril of orchids and one great yellow flower, alashed with scarlet, like a painted face.

There are pleasanter ways of tin-mining than deep mining. The coolies gather the ore by playing a monitor—really a majestic kind of garden hose—on a cliff of tin-bearing ground. A jet of water, at a pressure of 200 pounds or more, smashes the ground away like artillery.

Artillery indeed is, for one coolie, playing the monitor against the cliff saw two greenish eyes regarding him from the right. Only the inhabitants of the jungle had eyes like that, the coolie knew, and more in terror than in judgment he turned the "hose" on to the eyes. There was a roar, and silence. In the morning, they found the lacerated body of a tiger, so broken that even his skin was valueless.

Safeguard For Waiters

New Invention Causes Door To Open Without Trouble

A door which opens of its own accord based on the "invisible" ray principle, has just been put into operation at "Oxford." About 10 ft. away from one of the service doors on the first floor a light has been made to shine on a photo-electric cell suspended opposite, and when a waitress approaches this door she passes across the line of light and breaks it for a moment. This gives impulse to an amplifier on the inside of the service door, and this impulse operates on a delicate electrical apparatus in such a way as to cause the spring coil attached to the top of the door to draw back, and the door opens.

Excuse Did Not Work

The motorist adopted pleading tactics.

"I wish you'd overlook it this time, constable," he said. "As a matter of fact, I was hurrying to town on very important business."

"Fraid I can't help that," said the policeman.

"I never drive fast as a rule. But I've got to get to town quickly to see my solicitor."

"Well," said the policeman, "you'll have a bit more news for him now."

Have To Freeze It

When Paris commuters tell their boss their train was late, they have to produce documentary evidence in support. Every time a train from the suburbs is delayed, officials give out signs on which are shown the time and place of departure and the exact time of arrival at the terminus.

Coal consumption in Canada has decreased approximately three and a half million tons in the past year.

Statistics now available show the quantity of coal made available for consumption in Canada, in 1929, was 31,965,880 tons the preceding year. This decrease is due to several causes, one of which is the increasing use of electricity as a medium of power for operating factories, newspaper mills, saw mills, etc., and to the increase usage of water power instead of electricity. Of the total power used in manufacturing industries in 1928, it is estimated 72 per cent. was electricity. In 1929 and 1930, this percentage is expected to have been greater.

It is estimated electric power has displaced the consumption of coal in Canada to the extent of 14,000,000 tons in 1929. This estimate is based on the average coal consumption per kilowatt hour of all public utility electric power plants in the United States during 1929, which places the equivalent of coal to electricity at 1.59 pounds of coal per k.w.h.

While the consumption of coal last year shows a decrease, the output of central electric generating stations has increased from 18,014 million kilowatt hours, in 1929, to 18,266 millions in 1930. The large stations generating approximately 98 per cent. of the total electrical output, generated only 302 million kilowatt hours by steam power in 1930 as compared with 331 millions in the preceding year.

Statistics issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics of Canada during the past week indicate a continued downward trend in wholesale and retail prices, a definite upwards movement in the prices of industrial and public utility common stocks as well as mining stocks, and no change in the index number of interest rates calculated from the yields of the most popular bonds.

Prince Albert National Park

A Number Of Summer Homes To Be Built This Year At Northern Resort

Construction in Prince Albert Park will be abnormally heavy this year, the 1930 program indicates. A Saskatoon citizen, whose name has not been disclosed, intends to erect a \$10,000 summer home at Prospect Point, park residential subdivision. Nine others intend to erect cottages, the average cost to be \$3,000. This information was given out by J. A. Wood, superintendent of the park. Additional accommodation for those who do not care to erect their own tents, and a number of business buildings will also be erected this summer.

What the program of park development work for the summer will be depends entirely upon what money will be available in the department of interior appropriations. No definite information in this regard is yet available.

Not So Comfortable

The lady was visiting the poor of her district, and in one of the cottages lived poor old Mrs. Murphy, a widow. After several unsuccessful attempts to make conversation the lady asked: "Was your husband in comfortable circumstances when he died?"

"No, mum," replied Mrs. Murphy. "He was 'alf way under a train."

Crackman—"I cut through the outer door with an oxyacetylene torch and then used dynamite."

Judge—"Two years! Wait a minute—could you get a clinker out of my furnace for me?"

Salesman—These shirts simply laugh at the laundry, sir."

Customer—"I know. I've had some come back with their sides split."



"I have tickets for the theatre."

"Good, I will start dressing at once."

"Do, dear, they are for tomorrow night." —Il Travaso, Rome.

DIVERGENT VIEWS EXPRESSED IN COMMONS DEBATE

Ottawa, Ont.—Political leaders in Quebec Federal politics swung into action in the House of Commons. In continued debate on the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne, Hon. Arthur Sauve, postmaster-general, and Hon. Ernest Lapointe, former minister of justice, expressed divergent views.

Mr. Sauve spoke first. It was his initial speech in the House of Commons, and his reception, especially when he spoke, at some length in English, was hearty. He defended the government, reviewed what had been done to aid the unemployed and assist the farmer, and asked for co-operation of all parties to make the coming economic conference a success. He also remarked that, in denouncing the action of the government in respect to Russia, the leader of the opposition was actually denouncing the Quebec government.

Hon. Ernest Lapointe, veteran of 24 years in parliament, found in the last Imperial Conference, ample reason for criticism of the government. Mr. Lapointe, who has himself represented Canada at Imperial Conferences, censured Premier R. B. Bennett for the mercenary spirit which he claimed had animated him in his negotiations.

"The British Commonwealth is an idea; it is a soul," asserted Mr. Lapointe. "To base it on a mercenary foundation is to court disaster. The tie of sentiment is thin, but it is strong. It may seem weak, it may be invisible to those who cannot see anything outside a ledger, but this tie has proven equal to the test to which it has always been put in periods of trouble and difficulty."

Mr. Lapointe had criticism for Mr. Bennett in the ground of interference in British domestic policy.

"To force protection upon Britain as the prime minister of Canada tried to do, was not only basing the Empire on an economic fallacy, but it was interfering in the most direct way with the domestic policy of the United Kingdom," charged the former minister of justice.

Miss Agnes MacPhail, Progressive member for Southeast Grey, and the only woman member of the House of Commons, followed Mr. Lapointe.

In his speech Mr. Sauve had made direct reference to Miss MacPhail. He said that the arguments advanced by her in speeches had been of such a subtle character as to induce me to excuse her for the stand she has taken toward resistance by the province of Quebec to the granting of the franchise to women.

"In fact," added Mr. Sauve, "I am coming more and more to an acceptance of the idea of the granting of this franchise."

Drill For Oil

Winnipeg, Man.—It is understood here that an oil company, name unknown, will expend \$250,000 in testing property in the town of St. Boniface, adjacent to Winnipeg, to ascertain if oil exists in the district. It was reported that a 60-day option has been let by the St. Boniface council on a block of 16 acres at a price of \$2,000 an acre.

No Change in Construction Program

Prince Albert, Sask.—There will be no change in the \$3,000,000 construction plans of the Canadian Pacific Railway in northern Saskatchewan, it was emphatically declared here by D. C. Coleman, Winnipeg, vice-president western lines, Canadian Pacific Railway.

Wolves Territorial Settlers

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.—Wolves in large packs, coming down from the hills in Moran township, east of the city, are becoming such a menace around the scattered settlements that bushmen and others no longer go into the woods except in numbers, according to word received here recently.

Honored By King

London, England.—The King invited the Earl of Beesborough, Governor-General designate of Canada, with the insignia of the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George. Lord and Lady Beesborough had luncheon with Their Majesties after the ceremony of investiture.

Sports will be featured at this year's fair at Cologne, Germany.

W. N. U. 1288

Disorders In India

Cawnpore Troops Shoot Down 30 Rioting Nationalists

Karachi, India.—Tumult broke out again in India as Mahatma Gandhi, here for the Nationalist congress meeting, was joined by Communists and troops at Cawnpore shot down at least 30 rioting Nationalists.

The disorders grew out of the execution last week of three Indians convicted of the murder of a 21-year-old police official in 1928. Gandhi was taken off a train 12 miles outside of the town, but the thousands gathered here for the congress meeting spotted him as he rode into town in an automobile.

A group of 30 or more, known to be of Communist leaning, made for him with jeers and one even made as though to attack the frail little man with a flag staff. Some carried a tray with a gruesome mess of mud and blood.

"Here is the blood of our brothers who were murdered," they cried, referring to the three executed Indians. "Take it back with your true to Delhi."

Gandhi's men drove off the assailants, and there were cheers for Mahatma.

The day at Cawnpore was even more serious. Rioting began during the night when Moslem shopkeepers refused to close their stores under a general strike order by the congress men. Troops came out when the fighting got serious, and before the morning over, 30 had been killed, and at least 100 injured.

This trouble too, grew out of the executions.

Must Serve Sentence

Sixteen-Year-Old Farm Boy Falls In Appeal To Higher Court

Toronto, Ont.—Robert Kitowski, 16-year-old farm boy, must serve his sentence of five years at the Stony Mountain penitentiary and receive 20 lashes as imposed by Magistrate Cruickshank for the holding-up and robbing of the Dominion Bank at Fort Frances, on February 11 last. This was the decision of the First Appellate Court of Ontario, at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, following an earnest plea for "a more humane punishment" from A. A. Macdonald, counsel for the young prisoner.

Youthfulness of the prisoner which brought forth a "popular clamor" following the sentence, did not appeal to the first divisional court, the chief justice, Sir William Mulock, declared in announcing their judgment.

To Dispose Of Wheat

Senator Borah Would Donate Surplus Wheat In United States To

Washington, D.C.—Old suggestion that the surplus wheat held by the National Grain Stabilization Corporation, amounting to over 200,000,000 bushels, should be turned over to China, was made by Senator William E. Borah.

Such action would require an act of congress. Wheat held by the corporation has been bought and paid for, and the policy of the Farm Board is that it shall not be given away. Borah's idea was that a gift of the wheat to China would create an appetite for wheat bread among the 400,000,000 Chinese which would result in largely increasing the market for wheat in that country.

Well-To-Do Farmers

Toronto, Ont.—The well-to-do middle class farmer had by no means disappeared. Hon. Duncan Marshall, former Minister of Agriculture in Alberta, told a meeting of advertisers and salesmen here when discussing farming conditions in western Canada. He believed that present difficulties would be overcome by the farmers. Generous loans to farmers by bankers at low rates of interest were a necessity, however, he said.

Followed Nurse Cavell

Brussels, Belgium.—It was belatedly learned here that Miss Anne Scott-James, 56, who gained fame as a nurse in the Great War, died March 21. Miss Scott-James assumed the mantle of the English nurse, Edith Cavell, shot as a spy by the Germans during the war. Following Miss Cavell's execution, she assisted Allied soldiers to cross the Dutch frontier.

Will Entertain Governor-General

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada's new governor-general—the Earl of Beesborough—will be the guest of honor on April 8, at a dinner tendered by Premier R. B. Bennett. Members of the government, the leader of the opposition, and members of the privy council will attend the function.

Man Without a Country

Department Of Immigration Decides To Admit Radumski To Canada

Ottawa, Ont.—John Radumski, referred to as the man without a country, will be admitted to Canada, the Department of Immigration has decided. When he was stopped at the Detroit-Windsor border some weeks ago, his case excited considerable public comment because, not only did the United States refuse him entry, but so did Canada. The order permitting him to enter this country went forward recently.

Radumski came to Canada in 1914. In 1923 he went to United States, where he married an American woman. They had two children, whom, after his wife's death, Radumski sent to Canada to the home of his parents. It was when he sought to follow them back to this country that he was stopped by immigration authorities.

SIR JOSIAH STAMP APPOINTED HEAD OF GRAIN INQUIRY

Ottawa, Ont.—One of Britain's leading economic experts, Sir Josiah Stamp, was recently named as head of the royal commission to inquire into grain trading in Canada. Premier R. B. Bennett told members of the House of Commons that Sir Josiah will sail this week for Canada.

It was known that the British economist had been invited to represent the Dominion Government, but the recent announcement carried the first intimation that he had accepted the post. The royal commission is to consist of three members, one of whom will represent the Grain Exchange and another is to be chosen by the prairie provinces to represent the farmers.

Rumors have associated the name of Premier J. E. Brownlee with the position of grain growers' representative, but Mr. Brownlee has denied that he would accept the post.

Sir Josiah Stamp has for many years been regarded as an outstanding expert in financial matters. He has had a distinguished academic career and has frequently represented the British Government on financial commissions. In 1919 he was member of the British royal commission on income tax, in 1924 he was member of the committee on taxes and national debt, and in the same year was British representative on the Dawes repatriation commission. His most recent task has been to seek means of accomplishing economic co-ordination of British railways.

Appointment of the royal commission has followed expressions of opinion in Western Canada that trading in grain futures is detrimental to the best interests of the producers. Present indications are that work of the commission will be confined to an investigation of this subject, although it appears possible the scope of the inquiry may be extended to include whole questions of marketing of the wheat crop.

Less Unemployed

London, England.—The number of unemployed persons in Great Britain on March 16, was announced by the government recently, as 2,639,633, a decrease of 52,104 over the previous month. The total figure is 1,017,875 more than at the same time last year.

MELODY MIKE FAN MAIL



From the far northern prairies, from city, town, village, isolated farm house, right across the Dominion from Halifax to Victoria, letters are pouring into Canadian Pacific Railway radio office, at Montreal, from admirers of the genial old soul who sends out his message of goodwill and kindly humor every Monday night. In one day in March, no less than 1,361 such letters were received and from 15,000 in a month, the figure has risen to close on 40,000. Photograph shows a portion of the radio department staff dealing with this huge fan mail as it comes in each day. The Melody Mike feature is declared by competent judges to be one of the most popular radio offerings on the continent.

SOUTH AFRICAN GOVERNOR



Earl of Clarendon, newly appointed governor-general of South Africa, as seen in his official uniform. Lord Hyde, the Earl of Clarendon, was a fruit farmer, near Pickering, Ont., in 1912, when both he and Lady Hyde lived in an ordinary farm house.—Copyright by Acme Newspictures.

Express Train Leaves Track

One Life Lost and Fifteen Injured In Week Near Swift Current

Winnipeg, Man.—Swift travelling Canadian Pacific Railway passenger train No. 3, westbound, hit a broken rail near Swift Current, Sask., and five cars, including four sleepers, plunged from the rails, down a 15-foot embankment.

There was one fatality—a 67-year-old Cleveland man, Manning F. Fisher, who with his family was en route to Vancouver from where he was to have sailed for China on a holiday. His death was attributed to shock. He died shortly after the derailment.

Thirteen other passengers occupants of sleepers and two members of the dining car staff, were hurt and bruised when thrown from their berths. All escaped serious injury.

Regina Winter Fair

Three Grand Champion and Reserve Champion Stallions Are Named

Regina, Sask.—Three grand champion stallions were named at the Regina Winter Fair. These were: Clydesdale, "Lochivar," owned by John Falconer, of Gowan, Sask.; Percheron, "Colmar," owned by C. M. Rear, of Regina, Sask.; Belgians, "Goliath," owned by C. M. Rear.

The reserve championship in Clydesdale stallions went to H. Black, of Belle Plaine, with "Caradoc Footprint"; in Percherons, to C. M. Rear, with "Rainy River Charles"; and in Belgians, to R. Thomas, of Groulx, with "Paragon Bill." R. Thomas was adjudged to have the best gelding in the show with a Clydesdale, winning over a Percheron, owned by H. Black.

No Samples Yet

Edmonton, Alberta.—"Not a single flake of platinum has been received yet for test purposes," declared Dr. J. A. Allan, head of the department of geology at the University of Alberta, when asked regarding reports of a strike at Obed, on the C.N.R., west of Edson.

May Increase Postal Rates On Newspapers

To Help Lower Deficit Of Post Office Department

Ottawa, Ont.—Voicing a protest against the projected increase of postal charges on second class mail matter, a delegation of over 20 members of the Canadian National Newspapers and Periodicals Association conferred here with Hon. Arthur Sauve, postmaster-general.

The government has had before it for some time the proposal to increase the mail rates on second class mail matter, under which category are included newspapers and periodicals. For the current fiscal year the deficit of the post office department will likely run between five and six million dollars, and the proposal to raise the rate on newspapers has been advanced in an effort to overcome some of that deficit.

Would Repeal Dry Law

Illinois Senate Passes Bill Repealing Enforcement

Springfield, Ill.—The Illinois Senate recently passed the bill repealing the state's prohibition enforcement laws. The measure, already passed by the House, now goes to the governor. The vote was 26 to 24.

The bill would repeal the state prohibition law under the Search and Seizure Act. In effect, it would withdraw all state support from the Federal Government in fighting illicit manufacture and traffic in intoxicating liquor.

MANITOBA POOL ELEVATOR PROBE IS UNDER WAY

Winnipeg, Man.—Surrounded by prominent counsel, including T. J. Murray, K.C., authority on the legal aspects of co-operative marketing, E. K. Williams, K.C., commenced a royal commission investigation into the operations of the Manitoba Pool Elevators Limited.

Procedure to be adopted in presentation of evidence has been settled. Commissioner Williams gave a compromise ruling which will permit Pool counsel to present documentary evidence, and in special cases, evidence of company officers in explanation of financial reports submitted.

It had been the intention of Mr. Murray and his associate counsel, Treasury Solicitor, K.C., to present oral testimony on each document submitted, but this was objected to by A. B. Hudson, K.C., representing James R. Murray, Winnipeg grain authority, whose charges made to Premier John Bracken brought about the appointment of the commissioner.

Under the compromise ruling, agreed to by all counsel, the Pool elevators will file documents, and opposing counsel will be permitted immediately cross-examination of witnesses. The same ruling will apply when witnesses for Mr. Murray testify on the filing of documentary evidence.

Mr. Murray, who charged extravagance in the operation of pool elevators, and under-grading to the detriment of the farmer shareholders, was in attendance at the sessions.

In the country there are 11,000 farmer shareholders, operating 150 country elevators, who are vitally interested in the probe, which is expected to last at least three weeks.

Both sides made clear that "a complete picture" of the pool elevators operations must be presented. Mr. Murray, senior counsel for the pool, feared it was the intention of Mr. Hudson to call officers and employees of the elevators only to substantiate the charges, and not to bring out the complete facts relevant to the whole case.

A wrong impression might be created with the examination of only one document or witness, said Mr. Murray. Incomplete examination might at least cause suspicion, and with keen rivalry existing between pool and non-pool elevator agents, lead to the circulation of propaganda calculated to break the confidence of shareholders.

"Confidence of shareholders is the life blood of the Pool Elevators, Limited," he said. "It must be maintained."

J. T. Thomson, K.C., associated with Mr. Hudson, declared it was not intended to create any unnecessary disturbance in the minds of shareholders. Everything must be presented in detail, not summaries, and not piecemeal.

MARKET BOARD FOR WHEAT IS RECOMMENDED

Winnipeg, Man.—Establishment of a permanent Canadian marketing board was urged in the Manitoba legislature by Hon. R. A. Hoey, minister of education. Advising criticism of wheat pool operations, Mr. Hoey contended that a permanent marketing board would have a vital and direct relationship to the recovery of agriculture in the west.

He also proposed, in speaking on the second reading debate on ratification of government pool loan guarantees that quality production should be insisted on and that products should be standardized from coast to coast.

Cash payment to the banks for the government's guarantee of the Manitoba Wheat Pools' indebtedness was urged by W. Sanford Evans (Ind. Con.), Winnipeg. He advised the government to float a \$3,200,000 bond issue and pay the banks in cash rather than to seek to carry the overdraft over a period of years.

Under such a plan, believed Mr. Evans, the pools would get a new start and would profit by their lessons of the past, altering the policy of speculating in futures, which, he contended, had been the pools' undoing. Most severe threat to the world market, at present, he commented, lay in the grain to be released from the United States following the farm board's decision to end its stabilization policy.

Mr. Hoey, minister of education, replied spiritedly to Mr. Evans' statements, reviewing the formation of the pools and quoting Premier R. B. Bennett as saying, at Regina, that the pools followed the wheat policy under the circumstances. In coming to the government for aid in adversity, said Mr. Hoey, farmers were doing only what had been done with extraordinary success by many other interests.

Tourist Traffic Slightly Less

But Figures For 1930 Place Value At \$280,000,000

Ottawa, Ont.—Despite falling off from 1929 tourist traffic still remains a decidedly prolific source of income in Canada. Figures for 1930, estimated by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, place the value of tourist traffic at \$280,000,000. This substantial figure, in the face of far-flung economic depression, was only \$28,000,000 less than 1929.

Automobile tourism from the United States increased in numbers, but apparently did not spend as much money. The estimated expenditure was \$202,409,000 as compared with \$215,577,000 in 1929. The conclusion reached by the statisticians at the Bureau of Statistics is that the relative cheapness of a motor trip through Canadian highways had appeal for those who in more prosperous times might have been inquisitive about the beauty of Monte Carlo. Total tourists from the United States numbered 5,400,000 as against 4,508,000.

Canadian tourists abroad also were watching their pocketbooks. Automobiles carried tourists to the United States who parted with \$62,486,000, according to the estimate. This compared with 65,055,000 in the previous year. Total expenditures abroad of all Canadians is placed at \$113,000,000 against \$122,000,000 in the year of booming stock quotations.

Temperance Forces Defeated

London, England.—Rallying after their recent defeat in attempting to introduce prohibition into Great Britain by act of Parliament, the temperance forces sought to curtail liquor advertising which flares over towns and country throughout the Isles, but the House of Commons rejected the move by a vote of 127 to 112.

No Aid For Germany

Paris, France.—Denunciation of the commercial treaty with Germany and a decision to abstain from all financial aid constitutes the possible policy of France toward Germany if she persists in carrying out an economic pact with Austria, the Associated Press was informed in official quarters.

Child Has Narrow Escape

Welland, Ont.—A 45 calibre bullet, fired up in the air by an unknown person, dropped through the roof of a house occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Florian Oberly, pierced the bedroom ceiling and landed on the blanket of the baby's crib. The bullet missed the child by inches.

Annals Of The North

Inexorable Demands Of The Arctic Upon Lives Of Eskimos

The inexorable demands of the Arctic upon the lives of those aborigines whose day to day existence is beset with perils totally unknown to Canadians generally are once more set forth in the annual report of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. Khabala, a 70-year-old Eskimo on Adelaide Peninsula, "afforded an example of the co-existence of old customs and the new white man's law," records W. Gibson, a Hudson's Bay Company inspector in that remote region. In addition to the infirmities of his age, Khabala, was suffering from a cold and bronchitis.

"As his strength was failing, he besought his sons to kill him. They came to me and mentioned this," Mr. Gibson continues. "I, of course, forbade this and took measures to see they did not carry out his wishes." Seven days later, one of Khabala's sons, Mongma, reported the old man had died. Examining the body, Mr. Gibson found no traces of strangulation or other foul play although it was rumored Khabala's family had killed their father in this fashion. Mr. Gibson says on this point:

"When the natives heard of the death they expected that his sons had murdered him by strangling, which is a native custom."

In another case of hopeless illness, Mukhagali, a 50-year-old Eskimo, at Coronation Gulf, paralyzed in spine and hips, and consequently unable to hunt seals or caribou, hanged himself. Mukhagali, despondent and weary of living, induced his wife, Kialyruk, to attach a string to a pole, across the roof of their igloo. He then crawled with difficulty to a snow bench and making a noose in the string, put it around his neck and hung his head there until death occurred.

The suicide was carried out in the presence of a native audience who remonstrated with the crippled Eskimo, but made no effort actually to prevent him.

A two-year-old tragedy near the Hudson's Bay Company post at Cape Dorset comes to light in the current report. A party of Eskimos proceeded inland to hunt for game, but results were disappointing. All but Avasilnakut, his wife, and three children returned to Cape Dorset. Months passed, with no word heard of them. A year ago the bodies of the children were found.

Tunditie and Inookchuk, two natives who made the discovery, declared the children's bodies were in a tent, lying face down on a bed of deer skins and frozen to the ground. They had died of starvation. Of the father and his wife no report was ever heard.

Has Met Million Trains

But St. Louis Station Porter Has Never Hidden On One

Joe Banks, a porter at the Union Station, St. Louis, Missouri, has met 1,113,000 trains during his sixteen years of service. He has never hidden on one.

He explains it this way: "I've seen so many trains they don't seem to interest me any more. But there is something about carrying grips that keeps you at it. I guess it is because every load is different. And you meet so many interesting people."

Joe has carried baggage for five Presidents. When asked the largest tip he had ever received, he replied: "Ten dollars. That was from a man just in from the Kentucky Derby at Louisville, where he had won a lot of money on Black Gold."

Canada's Water Areas

The exceeding complexity of the water areas in great portions of the Canadian Shield may be seen on the Lac la Ronge, Saskatchewan, sheet of the National Topographic Survey, Department of the Interior. This map sheet, which covers an area of 5,400 square miles, shows more than 5,000 separate lakes and 5,500 islands.



"This novel has an awful ending." "How is that?" "It ends with a wedding." Mousie, Charlois.

W. N. U. 1883

Animals Respond To Changes

Like Land On Which They Live They Are Never Still

The restriction of the ranges of wild animals occasioned by the advance of civilization is now attracting so much notice that most of us fail to realize how universally the same process is going on without human interference, and how much more destructive to particular forms of life is nature than man, writes Mr. Gerrit Miller. Parts of the Sahara were once wooded; with the drying up of these forests most of the animals which inhabited them must have perished. . . . spreading of forests over grassy steppes has undoubtedly been responsible for the disappearance of many more mammals than have ever been exterminated by man. On the other hand we have recently learned that the opposite process is actively going on; that is, that some mammals are now extending their ranges. In the northwestern United States cottontail rabbits are moving northward and eastward; coyotes, in spite of organized campaigns for their extermination, are spreading toward the north in Canada and Alaska, and possibly toward the east in the United States; even the slow armadillo has pushed the limits of his territory northward across the State of Texas during the memory of men now living.

All of this shows that the species of mammals, like the lands on which they live, are never still. Life moves about on the surface of the earth in just the same way that this surface is continually moving—being raised, worn down, wetted, dried, covered, denuded, heated, cooled. The geographical distribution of mammals today is the result of a long series of wanderings.

Always Plenty To Do

Woman Who Keeps House Never Out Of Employment

There is one place where there is no unemployment. It is woman's world. There's always plenty to do in the home. The home woman always has known how much she had to do. Now at last, the rest of the world can be, and is told, in figures just given out by the United States Department of Commerce. Dr. Louise Stanley, of the bureau of home economics, says that the urban wife and mother works forty-nine and one-fourth hours every week in performing tasks about the home. And as we have been credibly informed by our wives and mothers of every generation, "women's work is never done."

Now, Dr. Stanley's carefully prepared government statistics set forth that the average United States city woman who takes care of a husband and family spends ten and one-fourth hours a week preparing meals, works four and one-fourth hours cleaning them away, cleans house for seven and one-half hours, washes and irons for four and one-fourth hours, devotes one and one-fourth hours to mending, sews for four and one-half hours, bakes for six and three-fourths hours at tasks specially pertaining to the care of the family, gives budgeting, organizing and other details of management, and consumes four and one-fourth hours in miscellaneous activities. First hand information we have ascertains that for western Canadian women the estimate would be too conservative.

These Modern Inventions

Clever apparatus which when attached to a bed registers when it is entered and left, and whether the occupant has slept quietly, has been patented by a Leipzig inventor. A clockwork affair, electrically controlled, it is intended for hospital use. It is also suggested, however, as a control for those who keep late hours or for daughters suspected of stealing out after dark.

Manitoba Will Guard Forests

Private or provincial government-owned aeroplanes will patrol Manitoba's forest areas against the menace of fire this year, it was reported at the legislative building recently. Unable to reach an agreement with the Dominion Government on the forestry patrol, it has been decided to arrange locally for the forest guards.

Maurice Chevalier says: "I see that a Chicago couple quarrelled over the pronunciation of my name until they got a divorce. I suppose they must be fame."

Nope. That's not fame. That's marriage.

Dusty like — "Please, sir, I've a sick wife, can you help me out?"

Business Man—"I can give you a job next week."

Dusty like—"Too late! She'll be able to work herself by then."

Lesson Still To Be Taught

People Must Learn To Use Leisure Time In More Edifying Way

"It is just as unreasonable to expect a child to digest a week's food in 15 minutes as it is to expect him to absorb mentally, in 15 minutes, what several decades ago, required a week or ten days," stated Judge Mott, of the Toronto Juvenile Court, before the Samaritan Club. "And that is just what modern life is doing. A boy in modern times is reared under driving stimuli. Fifteen minutes at a picture show gives him the whole story of a book which would take the same boy a week to read."

"The complexity of modern life is worse today than at any other time. Hence the difficulty of adjustment." While science, Judge Mott continued, had shortened the working hours of a man, had improved his food and living conditions, and increased his earning power, it had not, as yet, taught him how to efficiently spend his spare time.

The physical and mental causes of delinquency, the speaker said, could be discovered, but there were only immediate causes. The primal causes were not known yet, and probably would not be known until man learned to use his spare time in a more efficient way.

Judge Mott then touched on education. Education, he said, used to be considered the dumping of information into a child's mind. But that conception has been changed. Education is, really, the unfolding, the giving out of something, or, in other words, self-expression. "Every child has natural urges that seek expression, and if these urges are suppressed the child will seek some abnormal expression. The lack of expression in the home was often the cause of delinquency in a child," Judge Mott stated.

"Our school life touches only the intellectual side of a child's life, and leaves the emotional to be touched by other sources."

Exports Are Less

Exports Of Canadian Dairy Products Drop During Past Year

A decided falling off in the exports of Canadian dairy products is shown by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in a report for the twelve months ended February 28. The following gives the value for the preceding twelve months in brackets: Cheese, \$13,007,000 (\$13,264,000); cream, 32,332,000 (\$4,751,000); milk, \$266,000 (\$712,000); condensed milk, \$1,372,000 (\$1,611,000); milk powder, \$593,000 (\$611,000); evaporated milk, \$951,000 (\$994,000).

Saskatchewan Grain For Chill

A shipment of seed grains and grasses was recently sent from the University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, to a buyer in Chill, South America, who wishes to test out some of the improved varieties produced in Canada. The shipment included early oats, spring rye, grass, sweet clover, and western rye grass.

A seaside villa belonging to the Emperor Nero has been excavated at Anzio, to the south of Rome.

CANADIAN ENJOYS UNIQUE HONOR



In the absence of the governor-general, the direct representative of the King, Mr. Hon. Lymann P. Duff acted as administrator at the opening of the second session of Canada's seventeenth parliament at Ottawa, March 12, when he rode in state to the parliament buildings. Mr. Justice Duff, who is shown above in his official dress, is the first Canadian to enjoy this distinction.—Photograph by John Powis, Ottawa.

There Was a Time—

When Farming Was Paying Business and Dealers Were Glad

Live hogs have been selling this winter for \$7 to \$8 per hundred pounds. There was a time when dressed hogs sold for even less money, and the farmers of that time made money, or thought they were making money. They built barns and houses, replaced the cradle and the scythe with reapers and mowers, raised large families, gave employment to many blacksmiths, wagon makers, carpenters, shoemakers, tailors and harness makers. They had large families and gave their sons and daughters a fair start in life. They kept their hogs all summer and let them live on grass. In the fall they got a few turnips, carrots, small potatoes and the waste from the threshing floors—for they threshed peas with horses fifty years ago and often beat out their oats with a flail. There were no autos in those far-off days, few party dresses, far card parties and dancing were sins. There were temperance lodges and paring bees, and churches to attend and the mysteries of life spread their nets as they do now. The schools were filled with happy children. Marriages were multiplied and cemeteries broadened. Life was quite full of labor and pleasure, joy and sorrow, and of hope and fear as it is now. But no man of that day in looking into the ponds of water that gather in the spring could see the picture of despair as all men can see it now.

A Good Substitute

Small Gardener Thought Policeman Would Make Fine Roller

There was no gaining the fact that "I was a mistake," was written. His feet covered quite a large area when placed together, and they left deep impressions where he stood.

So perhaps the little girl who was spreading sandy gravel over the garden path may be forgiven, for, as the worthy officer passed the gate for the second time in five minutes she ran across to him.

"May I ask you something?" she inquired. "Ask away, missie," beamed the constable and tucked his thumbs into his belt.

"Then would you mind walking up and down my path a bit; it's so uneven and I haven't got a garden roller."

A Family Of Millionaires

An estate of more than \$10,000,000, nearly \$5,000,000 of which has been paid to the treasury in death duties, was left by the late Sir George Verdon Proctor Willis, member of the famous British tobacco family. This family, in the last couple of generations, probably furnished more millionaires than any other in England.

The professor was conducting an intelligence test. Suddenly he pounced on a student—

"How many make a million?"

"Not many," said the student. He passed.

Mistress: "Where's Master Colin?"

Maid: "I don't know, mum. I ain't seen 'im since we rolled the carpet up!"

Getting Out a Newspaper

Few Readers Have Any Idea Of What It Involves

Getting out a good newspaper is a fascinating task, but also a difficult one. No other job that comes to mind is quite so taxing, so hurried, or demands greater pains. From the moment a newspaper is started, be it either a daily or a weekly, the work is carried on under pressure, a race against time. Put yourself in an editor's position—could you do it?

Could you, for example, spell correctly, off-hand, the names of a large percentage of the residents of the town? If you could do this, could you write their initials correctly without resorting to the telephone directory or other authority?

Could you write down, off-hand, the names of your city officials, your local school board, your county officials, getting all the names, initials and offices correct?

Could you gather the threads of a story from half a dozen papers and weave it into an intelligent, readable account the first writing?

Could you write seven columns of material of 1,200 or 1,400 words each in two or three days, week after week, year after year, and when you had finished those seven, pound out two or three columns more before publication time?

In writing a heading, could you call to mind in a moment enough synonyms so that you would not repeat the main thought in the same words?

Could you judge in a minimum of time what size headlines and what position in the paper could be devoted to each of the 25,100 or more stories that might go into your paper?

Could you decide in a moment or exercise "snap" judgment on the dozens of questions a newspaper man must face daily and get a majority of them correct?

We won't tire you—but if you could do these few simple things and a thousand and one more difficult ones, you should be a newspaper editor.

The point we wish to make is that one can produce a good newspaper only after continual diligent study and years of practical experience. You have heard dozens of persons remark that they could turn out a newspaper, and a good one, too, a bit better, in fact, than the one they are getting. That is not true unless they have gone through the years of study that a good newspaper demands of its makers.—From the Linotype News.

Western Insect Pests

Campaign For Control Of Outbreaks Of Western Cutworm

The Entomological Branch of the Federal Department of Agriculture has inaugurated an intensive campaign for the control of outbreaks of the Pale Western Cutworm in Saskatchewan and Alberta in 1931. This pest caused serious losses last year, and under average conditions the losses will be even more serious this year. Attention is also being called to the Red-backed Cutworm infesting gardens and to grasshoppers or "locusts." Poison barn baits are found most effective as a measure of control. If you are in the infested area get in touch with the nearest Dominion Entomological Laboratory for practical assistance in applying effective control measures.

The Personal Factor

The personal factor is one of the most important in the successful feeding of pigs, writes R. M. Hopper, Animal Husbandry expert of the Brandon Experimental Farm. The successful hog feeder realizes that feeding is not merely a mechanical operation, but one requiring skill and close observation of his animals, to obtain the maximum development and greatest returns for the feed consumed.

The Road To Fame

"How do you like your new publicity agent?" asked the film star's friend.

"Oh, he's wonderful," she cried, beaming with enthusiasm. "We've been robbed twice, our house has been burned, our car has been wrecked, and I have had my life threatened by an anonymous enemy since we employed him."

Sources Of Power In Industry

Of the total power used in manufacturing industries in Canada, excluding central electric stations, states the Water Power and Hydro-metric Bureau, Department of the Interior, some 78 per cent. is obtained from water power, 20 per cent. from steam, and less than 2 per cent. from internal combustion engines.

War Debts Hinder Trade

President Beatty Of The C.P.R. Speaks On Present Economic Condition

"I believe that one of the most deterring influences to the resumption of normal trade is the presence of huge war obligations, repayment of which, and the interest upon them, are reducing the buying power of debtor countries to such an extent as to make normal trade conditions impossible," said E. W. Beatty, C.P.R. president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in addressing the Board of Trade and Empire Clubs at Toronto, recently.

"That is not a situation which you or I can settle, or that Canada can settle," he continued, "but unless I am very much mistaken, it will have to be remedied before genuine improvement in certain aspects of our progress will be shown."

Mr. Beatty believed it was the duty of the Federal authorities and Canadian Chamber of Commerce to find out how much of the news emanating from Soviet Russia is propaganda, through not a real, it seemed inconceivable, he said, that Canada should treat Russia on the basis of a friendly competitor. "If their ambition is to destroy the political and commercial foundation upon which this country and all other civilized countries, have been built."

"If this is true, and if the so-called five-year plan can only succeed with the direct or indirect assistance of other nations of the world, it is reasonably clear that assistance should not be extended from this country; but in the meantime, we should know more than we do, and we should explore more than we have done, the possibilities of market extensions in the Orient and India."

"When we become slightly discouraged and perhaps somewhat apprehensive, through not seeing clear and tangible evidence of a return to prosperity, we can take some comfort in the fact that, save as to wheat, our production of basic commodities was greater in 1930 than in 1925; that our country is just as strong and our people stronger, more resourceful and just as confident in the main as in recent and commercially more active years," he continued.

He recalled the great panic of 1893-96. In 1894 business was paralyzed over the entire western half of the continent. Business, however, had gradually come back to culminate in a new tide of prosperity in 1897.

"During all this period, the people of the West never lost heart," he said, "I think it well to remind you of this period of our country's depression, because you may recognize certain parallels to financial conditions of the past year. The recent depression in Canada has, however, been considerably less in proportion to that of the United States, indicating that this country has greater economic independence than was the case 35 years ago."

To Assist Farmers

Agricultural Products Export Board May Be Established

The proposed establishment of an agricultural products export board for Canada, to handle shipment of all surplusage after from grain was endorsed by the British Columbia Egg Pool members at their recent annual meeting. The functioning of the board was described by W. A. Landreth, general manager of the Canadian Egg Pool. The board will comprise representatives of producers and the trade, and will handle export surplusage of livestock, dairy and poultry products.

The Warning Whistle

The Smiths are on the balcony as, can hear what a young couple are saying in the garden below.

Mrs. Smith: "I think he wants to propose. We ought not to listen. Whistle to him."

Mr. Smith: "Why should I? Nobody whistled to warn me."



"Has your husband strength of mind to give up alcohol?"

"He hasn't, but I have."—Wahre Jakob, Berlin.



WHEN CHILDREN FRET

THERE are times when a child is too fretful or feverish to be sung to sleep. There are some pains a mother cannot put away. But there's quick comfort in Castoria!

For diarrhea, and other infantile ills, give this pure vegetable preparation. Whenever coated tongues tell of constipation; whenever there's any sign of sluggishness, Castoria has a good taste; children love to take it. Buy the genuine—with Chas. H. Fletcher's signature on wrapper.

Fletcher's CASTORIA

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

—BY—
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER
Copyright 1929

CHAPTER XIII. Continued.

She stooped, motherly, dropping a kiss on Martha's flaxen head.

"Thank you," said Mr. Halliday, wearily. "Thank you for that, and—everything."

Then he, too, stooped above the leg.

"I'm going to leave you here to play with Nick and Sonny, little girl. I'll come back soon."

She lifted a tear-stained face and would have clung to him had not Gay called her attention to the tower the boys were building.

"I'll show you how, little Martha," said Sonny with importance. "I'll make a house 'most big enough for you to live in!"

"Go now," Gay whispered, seeing that the child was occupied; and Halliday turned away.

He went straight to Angela's room. She stood almost where he had left her, and, closing the door, he faced her sternly.

"Angela," he began, "there are guests in the house, and I cannot say what I would say otherwise. There must be no scene; but one before I warned you to curb your temper. Do you remember why?"

She shrank from him, but he followed her relentlessly, and though she tried to look away the cold gleam of his grey eyes held her own white one might have counted ten. Then through the open window was wafted the sound of chisling laughter—the tension of those chisling glances broke, and the woman regained her poise.

"Aren't you a trifle melodramatic, my dear husband?" she asked, shrugging. "After all, it was only a cat."

Halliday turned. "Next time it may be a child," he replied sternly, and left the room.

CHAPTER XIV.

Angela's guests stayed but a short time, though, little Martha once disposed of, James Halliday tried his utmost to be agreeable, and make them forget the awkward moment of their arrival. He even suggested a small dinner to which their next-door neighbors were invited, and at which Gay appeared in a charming sea-green gown that caused her hostess to stare almost rudely in surprise.

Angela thought she had taken Gay's measure when she described her as "that dowdy little thing next door." Now, watching Halliday's interested face as he talked with their surprisingly appeared guest, she wondered if by any chance, she had been mistaken. Since the days of her own courtship she had never seen her husband treat a woman just that way.

The slight piqued her—not because she had any romantic feeling left for Halliday, but because she had thought him incapable of being so interested. There might come a time, she thought vindictively, when the knowledge of that interest would be a deadly weapon in her own hand. The thought brightened her eyes, making them even more blue and luminous than before. Her husband saw it, and wondered wearily, what new trouble was brewing for himself, yet later, when in the cool of the dimly lighted living-room, Angela sang, her voice might have been part of some celestial choir.

"How gloriously that woman sings!" said Nick, when he and Gay made their way home together across the garden. "She seems to forget everything, and everybody, and give herself up to the expression of her real self. It's as if it were all her own—music, and words, and her lovely way of giving them life. I felt like a fool when she made me try that duet with her, my dear."

"You needn't have. Your voice isn't trained like hers, but at least it's sincere."

"Sincere? What do you mean?" Gay drew a quick breath.

"You wouldn't understand if I told you?"

"Why not? Am I really so dense as that?"

"Not in everything, Nick."

"Thanks," Nick laughed, and as they reached the porch, sat down in the hammock and drew her down beside him. "Let's stay here a while and enjoy the moonlight. I don't like those aspersions on my mentality. Why should my singing be more sincere than Mrs. Halliday's?"

Gay was thoughtful for a moment before she answered: "I can't help feeling that she's playing a part, Nick; and somehow I don't care for her friends."

"They're not exactly our sort—a bit base and world-weary perhaps, though the woman had one lurid interval when she told me about her little girl. They must be Halliday's to drink. He may be a cynic, but he has brains in his head. Still, I think you're unjust to the fair Angela. I set those things Julie told you have stuck in your crop. Say, Gay, I think you've made an impression on Halliday! He acted tremendously interested in you tonight!"

"What an idiotic thing to say!"

"If you're not careful, Madam," Nick retorted, "I shall use you for slander. That's the second insult you've handed me in fifteen minutes. Besides, he'd have been the idiotic one if he hadn't noticed you. You had those other women looking like tinsels in a jewelry shop."

A sudden smile lighted Gay's eyes. She said: "That's what I meant about the difference in your voice and Mrs. Halliday's."

"I don't quite—get you."

"I said you wouldn't, didn't I?"

Nick grinned.

"I believe you set that trap for me, my dear. But you'll have to admit that her voice is beautiful."

"Oh, I do! But unless there's a beautiful soul behind it!" She hesitated, flushed and added: "That may sound foolish, but—"

Gay paused again, and her husband said: "Are you implying that, that my soul is superior to my neighbor's?"

"Yes," answered Gay seriously. "I am. Oh, Nick, I know you'll think me silly, but I do wish you'd be care-

INDIGESTION

Banished by Kruschen

"I suffered for some years from a bad stomach. I used to feel very miserable after meals. The doctor advised me to take Epson Salts, but it did me no good. I decided to try Kruschen and am now taking it, and have done for the past 13 months, and I am very glad to tell you that my stomach is now in perfect order. I feel as young in spirit as I was 20 years ago, thanks to Kruschen."

You know how badly an engine runs when it gets clogged up. It's the same with your body when your gastric—or digestive—juices fail to flow. What you need is a tonic—Nature's own tonic—Nature's six mineral salts.

You get all these six salts in Kruschen. The first effect of these salts is to promote the flow of the saliva and so awaken the appetite. The next action occurs in the stomach, where the digestive juices are encouraged to pour out and act upon the food. Again, in the intestinal tract, certain of these salts promote a further flow of these vital juices which deal with partly digested food and prepare it finally for absorption into the system.

FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it for 7 days. You will receive our special "GIANT" packages which make it easy for you to receive our offer. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 75c. Ask for a sample trial bottle—sent free for about one week. Open the trial bottle first, put it in the test, and then, if not entirely convinced, return the bottle to us. We will refund your money. Kruschen does everything we claim it to do. The "GIANT" bottle is still as good as new. Take it now! 75c. Immediately and without question. What could be fairer? Manufactured by Kruschen Brothers Ltd., London, England. (Patent 1176). Importers: McEwen Bros., Ltd., Toronto.

ful how you act with Mrs. Halliday. I don't trust her. Call it jealousy if you like, but it's not that; it's instinct. There! I wish I hadn't said it, though it's been on the end of my tongue for months. I knew you'd laugh."

"I'm not laughing," he protested, though he was shamelessly and obviously amused. "My mouth just naturally turns up at the corner! But, as I've said before, I don't think you do the woman justice. If she's not happy with Halliday (and honestly, I don't think she is), she'd naturally take more interest in other men than would a woman who was satisfied with her own. Don't you believe that, Gay?"

"Perhaps—but—but there's such a thing as legitimate pride, you know."

Nick did laugh now.

"I see. Well—"

"Oh, no, you don't!" broke in Gay abruptly. "You don't see at all. I suppose I'm horrid. Perhaps I'm jealous because I can't sing with you as she can. I've always wished that I could sing. But I'm sorry I said anything like that if you've misunderstood me."

Her voice trembled, and Nick drew her suddenly close.

"Sometimes, dear old girl, you're just plain foolish. What's a voice, compared with the thing that makes you take more interest in other men than would a woman who was satisfied with her own. Don't you believe that, Gay?"

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able conduct in using her room for little Martha, accompanied them to the station; checked their trunks; and was the genuinely thoughtful host to the last minute. When the train pulled out he walked in silence to the automobile, and assisted Angela to the place beside him.

(To Be Continued.)

Claim Is Disputed

Gray's Elegy Not Written At Stokes

Foges Is Belief

The churchyard of Stokes Foges, in Buckinghamshire, England, is generally supposed to have been the scene which inspired Gray's famous "Elegy," but the claim was disputed last year in a book published by the Clarendon Press, and written by Mr. Francis Stokes, who held that

Thamington, about a mile from Canterbury Cathedral, in Kent, England, stands apart from other claimants as being the only locality, on behalf of which direct evidence can be produced. Rev. S. Gordon Wilson, rector of Thamington, and mayor of Canterbury, writes in the "Guardian,"

that Mr. Stokes was quite correct. He says that Gray took much interest in Bentley's illustrations of the poems in 1753, and asks: Is it not strange that only the ruins of an ancient abbey are shown, such as St. Augustine's Abbey, Canterbury, could show, but nothing at all like the Stokes church? No curfew was ever heard across Stokes Foges churchyard, but the curfew has rung nightly for many centuries from Bell Harry Tower, Canterbury Cathedral, over the meadows to Thamington, a mile away.

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A TREAT FOR THE KIDDIES
The Home Meat Market will give away on Saturday morning a "hot dog" apiece to the first one hundred children entering their shop. Come and get 'em.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McCardell had quite a surprise awaiting them on their return from Okotoks on Saturday last which was Jack's birthday. On arriving home he was met by a number of friends. The evening was spent in playing cards, after which lunch was served. A very enjoyable evening was spent and the party broke up wishing Jack many happy returns of the day.

Board of Trade membership tickets can be secured from the secretary T. Tredaway.

Donnie McFadyen enjoyed a very successful year in professional hockey and it was no fault of his that the Chicago Shamrocks did not finish on top. Donnie commenced his studies at the Chicago University on Monday morning and it is not likely that he will be home for a visit before fall.

If you have anything to sell or trade, or if you wish to buy anything from seeds to household effects, the "Want Ads" in your local paper will put you quickly in touch with the public you wish to reach at almost negligible cost.

Will all school teachers please send in application forms for seeds for School Fair to T. Tredaway, secretary.

On Wednesday night the Tany-Bryn "500" Club brought their entertainment season to a close when fifty-eight adults sat down to a great big bang-up hot served chicken supper with all the side frills, salads, fruits, candy, cigarettes and chewing gum. In order to better accommodate the crowd the dinner was served in the East Community hall and the bill was footed by the losers at "500" during the season.

After enjoying their smokes and visits, they entered into the dance that followed and by ten o'clock the crowd had increased to 175. With that wonderful community spirit that seems to hold sway throughout the Tany-Bryn district a better time could not be desired. Music for the dance was supplied by Ferguson's five-piece dance orchestra, who are no doubt the most popular dance orchestra in the country today.

Wm. Murdoch took his many friends by surprise on Tuesday last when he returned home after a brief visit to Calgary accompanied by his wife. His friends thought he was pulling off some April fool stuff in advance, but such was not the case as the facts are that William Murdoch of Crossfield and Miss Brown of High River were quietly married at Calgary on Tuesday morning.

It cost Harry Bell of Carstairs ten dollars and costs on April 1st, when he appeared before A. S. Gough, J. P. at Carstairs on a charge of trailing stock (horses) a distance of 20 miles without securing the necessary permit under the Stock Inspection Act. Constable Jarman prosecuted.

It is with regret that we have to announce the death of Lloyd Lester, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Jones, which took place after a brief illness on Friday last at the early age of three weeks and two days. The funeral services were held from the United Church on Monday last and despite the tender age of the deceased quite a number turned out to show their sympathy to Mr. and Mrs. Jones. The Rev. H. Young officiating.

The Crossfield Chronicle

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THURSDAY, APRIL 2nd, 1931

Speaking before the Canadian Club in Montreal, E. J. Garland, federal member for Bow River, drew a harrowing picture of conditions in Alberta and Saskatchewan. According to the report he classified the majority of the farmers as already bankrupt and the remainder well on the way, with prospects of any recovery practically hopeless. There seems to be a wide diversity of opinion between Mr. Garland and the members of the Alberta legislature, in regard to the situation.

Pool authorities seem to think there is more than the usual venom in attacks upon their organization by the grain companies. But has there ever been any idea on the part of the pool except putting the grain companies out of business even to the unnecessary duplication of elevators?

Local and General

Adam Cruickshank was a business visitor to Golden, B. C., on Friday, returning on Saturday.

Mrs. Everett Bills and children are visiting relatives at Olds this week.

The Bible Class will meet next Tuesday at the home of Mrs. P. C. Griffiths.

Mrs. and Jack McCardell and Miss Molly Donald were visitors in Okotoks on Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. M. Underhill and Miss Odell McCormick of Okotoks are renewing acquaintances in the district.

Beautiful linen stationery at 20c and 25c a pad at the Chronicle office.

Friday, April 3rd, being Good Friday, all business in Crossfield will be closed all day.

Correspondence cards with envelopes to match at 65c a box at the Chronicle office.

Several members of the Gilchrist family have been laid up with the flu this week including Joe our station agent.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McLaughlin, Cluny Drug Store, made a surprise call on Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Griffiths on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson McRory are going to spend the Easter holidays in Macleod with their daughter Mrs. Young.

R. H. Hay principal of our local school is still under medical attention at his home in Calgary. Mrs. Finlayson of that city is substituting in Mr. Hay's room.

Among those who attended the Calgary Spring Stock from this district were: J. Massie, J. Harrison, C. and R. Havens, H. May, J. Gabbett.

By the appearance of the machinery Mr. Amery in unloading and taking out to his farm, he must have some faith in the district.

Many of the farmers are now working on the land following the snow storm on Tuesday night which brought considerable moisture.

The many friends of Mrs. Earl Devine will be sorry to hear that she is seriously ill at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. F. Moskop.

Mr. Wilson McRory is in Calgary today as a witness in the lawsuit between I. Morris and Geo. Bennie. We understand Mr. Morris is suing Mr. Bennie for his threshing account.

The Home Cash Meat Market located in the Home Cafe Building will open for business on Saturday morning under the management of Chas. Melond. The market is equipped with an electric refrigerator enabling them to keep their meats, fish, etc. in first class condition at all times.

Gossip is the mother-in-law of falsehood. True at that.

Don't Wait Until Spring

Get Your Repairs For Your Massey-Harris Machinery Now Also Your Castings Welded

A Few Good Buys in Second Hand Machinery and Tractors

J. M. WILLIAMS
General Blacksmithing
Acetylene Welding
Massey-Harris Farm Implements.

HUMOROUS PLAY WELL RECEIVED

Keeping the audience in fits of laughter from the opening of the first act to the close of the last, the three act comedy "A Poor Married Man" was ably presented by the Crossfield Fellowship Club in the U.F.A. Hall on Friday night.

The inclement weather no doubt kept some away, but the house was comfortably filled, and those who ventured out enjoyed a comedy that was far better than the average amateur play, and reflects great credit on the director H. R. Fitzpatrick and the members of the cast.

Rather than postpone the play, Mr. Fitzpatrick stepped in on very short notice and played the leading part that of Prof. J. B. Wise which was to have been played by E. H. Hay, but owing to an attack of the flu he was unable to be present. Harry, of course, did not have time to learn all his lines, but his capable acting more than made up for what he had to read out of the book.

THE CAST

Prof. John B. Wise.....H. R. Fitzpatrick
Dr. Matthew Graham.....G. A. Williams
Billy Blake.....W. G. Murdoch
Jupiter Jackson.....Chas. Purvis
Mrs. Iona Ford.....Mrs. H. R. Fitzpatrick
Miss Zoe Ford.....Alice Callcutt
Miss Rosalind Wilson.....Gladys Methelal
June Graham.....Myrtle Methelal

Owing to popular demand this play was presented at Golden Rod School on Monday night and play at Beaver-dam tonight (Thursday) and at Carstairs on April 10th.

More About the Legislature

(Continued from Page 1)
ation mends, the Provincial Government finds it impossible to reduce services or salaries in any direction, and will therefore face a deficit for the coming year.

It is not because certain savings can not be made, for instance; the Crown Prosecutor at Calgary, pulled down a mere \$21,000.00 for his services last year. There are many instances where savings could and should be made.

Floral U.F.W.A. Meeting

The regular monthly meeting of the Floral U. F. W. A. will be held at the home of Mrs. Montgomery on Wednesday, April 8th at 2.30 p.m.

Answer to roll call—"Hints on Community Improvement."

It is hoped for a full attendance as there are details to be arranged for clinics and demonstrations already dated. Visitors always welcome.

United Church Easter Services

Rodney at 11.00 a.m.
Crossfield at 7.30 p.m.

Special music by the choir will include "What are These," "The True Easter," "Sweet Moments" a quartette and a solo by Mrs. Young.

You owe a duty to Christianity to attend church on Easter Day, so make a special effort to attend on that day, no matter what denomination it may be plan to be there.

Therefore be ye also ready; for in such an hour as ye think not the son of man cometh.

Matthew 24.44

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W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218A, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN of the firm of Millican & Millican, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lancaster Building, Calgary, will beat Tredaway & Springsteens' office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.
W. McRory, Sec.-Treas.

Walter Major

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Repair Work will receive immediate attention.

J. L. McRory

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I. P. METHERAL

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Good oat bundles. Apply to H. T. LIGHTFOOT

FOR SALE—75 bushels Flax Seed 1.25 per bushel. Apply to T. TREDAWAY

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Seed Oats, Barley, Potatoes, a Short-horn Bull also a Seed Drill.
T FITZGERALD
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For Rent

3-roomed cottage; good water; chicken house; good garden lots. Apply to Mrs. C. L. McCOOL

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Easy to Make. Delicious to Eat.
No indigestion when eaten.
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Didsbury

Sid Jones

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Shoes and Harness Repaired
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All kinds of Alterations and re-lining coats, Dry Cleaning
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Are "DEAR" at Any Price
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And profit by our experience.
Grade A Chicks \$15.00 per 100
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This Spring Will Make More Money For You Next Fall.

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Come and inspect our modern Electric Hatchery.

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(Next to Service Garage)

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WE have the 30 x 3 1/2 tire that will give you every thing you can ask in saving, value, mileage, and freedom from trouble. With all the qualities of an expensive tire—cord construction and tough, long-wearing, non-skid tread—it is much lower in price.

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